LAKE REREWHAKAAITU SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

School Directory

Ministry Number:

1787

Principal:

Patricia Purdie-Nicholls

School Address:

9 Ash Pit Road, Rotorua

School Postal Address:

9 Ash Pit Road, R D 3, Rotorua, 3073

School Phone:

07 366 6814

School Email:

office@lakerere.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

		How	i erm
		Position	Expires/
Name	Position	Gained	Expired
Debbie Heron	Chairperson	Elected	2019
Marty Hine	Chairperson	Elected	Nov 2018
Rodger Scott	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Mary Ann Martin	Parent Rep	Co-opted	2019
Adelaide Edwards	Parent Rep	Co-opted	2019
Mark Pacey	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Alison Doney	Parent Rep	Elected	Nov 2018
Deborah Mitchell	Staff Rep	Elected	2019

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services Ltd

LAKE REREWHAKAAITU SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2018

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Lake Rerewhakaaitu School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2018 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Board Chairperson	Porticia Purdie-Nicholls Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
28/5/2019 Date:	28/5/19 Date:

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2 3	853,438	742,778	853,395
Locally Raised Funds	3	63,994	38,070	50,632
Interest Earned		3,950	5,000	5,144
	-	921,382	785,848	909,171
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	26,476	14,600	33,023
Learning Resources	4	593,134	514,709	618,831
Administration	5	49,100	50,527	57,679
Finance Costs		1,334	608	1,252
Property	6	198,411	191,494	164,758
Depreciation	7	41,190	33,866	40,161
	-	909,645	805,804	915,704
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		11,737	(19,956)	(6,533)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	=	11,737	(19,956)	(6,533)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Tof the year ended of Becombol 2010	Actual 2018	Budget (Unaudited) 2018 \$	Actual 2017 \$
Balance at 1 January	417,405	415,953	421,755
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education	11,737	(19,956)	(6,533)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	4,143	-	2,183
Equity at 31 December	433,285	395,997	417,405
Retained Earnings	433,285	395,997	417,405
Equity at 31 December	433,285	395,997	417,405

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2018

•		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	5,877	151,450 37,502	33,683 33,274
Accounts Receivable	9	56,957 4,423	883	3,470
Prepayments	10	322	423	426
Inventories	11	154,249	-	149,462
Investments Funds owed for Capital Works Projects	17	10,001	-,	7,888
	-	231,829	190,258	228,203
		,	10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	
Current Liabilities		3,502	17,630	5,028
GST Payable	13	51,386	40,716	49,356
Accounts Payable Revenue Received in Advance	14	775	-	235
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	10,820	5,737	14,186
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	6,174	4,062	5,839
	-	72,657	68,145	74,644
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		159,172	122,113	153,559
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	278,960	275,579	280,111
	:-	278,960	275,579	280,111
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	2,763	-	8,678
Finance Lease Liability	16	2,084	1,695	7,587
		4,847	1,695	16,265
Net Assets		433,285	395,997	417,405
Equity		433,285	395,997	417,405
Lquity	:			

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities Government Grants Locally Raised Funds Goods and Services Tax (net) Payments to Employees Payments to Suppliers Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year		212,715 51,794 (1,526) (94,123) (144,871) (11,983)	190,440 19,370 - (84,146) (32,789) (46,490)	196,450 57,951 (12,602) (95,118) (139,322) - (1,252)
Interest Paid Interest Received		(1,334) 4,854	(608) 5,000	6,443
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities		15,526	50,777	12,550
Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) Purchase of Investments		(40,041) (4,787)	(20,000)	(25,877) (6,350)
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities	•	(44,828)	(20,000)	(32,227)
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		4,143 (3,582) 935	- (4,523) -	2,183 (2,994) (71,025)
Net cash from Financing Activities		1,496	(4,523)	(71,836)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(27,806)	26,254	(91,513)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	33,683	125,196	125,196
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	5,877	151,450	33,683

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Lake Rerewhakaaitu School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 16.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

j) Investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

The School has met the requirements of Schedule 6 para 28 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of investment securities.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$1000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Information and Communication
Textbooks
Library Resources

18-40 years
5-15 years
4 years
4 years
8 years DV

Leased assets are depreciated over the life of the lease.

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- · likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of school control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised at the amount borrowed. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational grants	161,308	165,190	170,290
Teachers' salaries grants	499,162	432,369	521,890
Use of Land and Buildings grants	135,689	119,969	132,335
	2,214	3,250	1,344
Resource teachers learning and behaviour grants	55,065	22,000	27,536
Other MoE Grants	00,000		
	853,438	742,778	853,395
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
Local failed failed main are expected assuming a second of	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	4 -41	•	Actual
	Actual	(Unaudited)	\$
Revenue	\$	\$	**************************************
Donations	20,558	14,420	11,935 4,903
Bequests & Grants	4,690	2,000	g 15 annual a
Activities	11,402	2,950	12,507
Trading	1,230	1,200	1,165
Fundraising	7,414	-	3,287
School House	18,700	17,500	16,835
	63,994	38,070	50,632
Expenses			78 57 5 2 2
Activities	11,617	3,000	20,618
Trading	2,648	1,600	1,586
Fundraising costs	5,188	-	1,286
School House	7,023	10,000	9,533
	26,476	14,600	33,023
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	37,518	23,470	17,609
4. Learning Resources	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual \$	(Ollaudited)	\$
* 1:15		23,340	27,462
Curricular	34,128	20,040	26
Library resources	552,213	477,369	578,855
Employee benefits - salaries		10,000	8,477
Staff development	6,374 419	4,000	4,011
Repairs & Maintenance	419	4,000	4,011

593,134

514,709

618,831

5. Administration	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	3,632	3,526	3,526
Board of Trustees Fees	3,255	3,000	3,050
Board of Trustees Expenses	1,727	2,725	3,983
Communication	2,925	3,500	3,533
Consumables	808	1,200	958
Operating Lease	-	2,000	2,376
Other	3,013	4,250	5,371
Employee Benefits - Salaries	24,356	20,846	23,132
Insurance	950	1,000	961
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	8,434	8,480	10,789
Service i Toylucia, Contractora una Constitutoy	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		
	49,100	50,527	57,679

6. Property	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	3,115	2,700	2,563
Cyclical Maintenance Expense	2,702	5,000	(19,363)
Grounds	5,919	8,000	4,034
Heat, Light and Water	14,853	14,000	13,385
Rates	268	500	400
Repairs and Maintenance	13,153	11,025	12,817
Use of Land and Buildings	135,689	119,969	132,335
Security	800	-	-
Employee Benefits - Salaries	18,670	18,300	16,287
Consultancy And Contract Services	3,242	12,000	2,300
Consultancy And Contract Convices			
	198,411	191,494	164,758

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Technology Leased Assets Library Resources	13,586 12,402 9,243 5,513 446	12,229 9,056 8,232 3,921 428	14,502 10,740 9,762 4,650 507
	41,190	33,866	40,161

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2018	2018 Budget (Unaudited)	2017 Actual
	Actual \$	(Onaddited)	\$
Cash on Hand ANZ School Account	200 5,677	151,450	200 33,483
Cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	5,877	151,450	33,683

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

9. Accounts Receivable	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	18,509	4,530	302
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	762	-	-
Interest Receivable	_	904	904
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	37,686	32,068	32,068
	56,957	37,502	33,274
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	18,509	5,434	1,206
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	38,448	32,068	32,068
Neverables from Non-Exchange Transactions			
	56,957	37,502	33,274
10. Inventories	2018 Actual \$	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2017 Actual \$
Stationery	322	423	426
	322	423	426
	522	720	
11. Investments	- 322	420	
11. Investments The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2018	2018	2017

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2018	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Duilding Improvements	171,372	10,861	_	_	(13,586)	168,647
Building Improvements	61,264	18,977	-	_	(12,402)	67,838
Furniture and Equipment		10,202	-	_	(9,243)	32,296
Information and Communication Tecl Leased Assets	12,571	-	_	_	(5,513)	7,058
	3,567	_	_	-	(446)	3,121
Library Resources	0,007				•	
Balance at 31 December 2018	280,111	40,040			(41,190)	278,960
				Cost or	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
				Valuation	•	
2018				\$	\$	\$
				469,786	(301,139)	168,647
Building Improvements				210,439	(142,601)	67,838
Furniture and Equipment				97,572	(65,276)	32,296
Information and Communication				16,788	(16,788)	-
Textbooks				18,135	(11,077)	7,058
Leased Assets				24,274	(21,153)	3,121
Library Resources				24,214	(21,100)	-,
Balance at 31 December 2018				836,994	(558,034)	278,960
	Opening					
	Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2017	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	405.070			_	(14,502)	171,372
Building Improvements	185,873	40 040	_			61,264
Furniture and Equipment	58,761	13,243 12,604		_	(9,762)	31,337
Information and Communication Tec	th 28,494 12,139	5,083	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(4.050)	12,571
Leased Assets Library Resources	4,044	30	-		(=0=)	3,567
Library Resources	1,011					
Balance at 31 December 2017	289,311	30,960	-		(40,161)	280,111
				Cost or	Accumulated	Net Book
				Valuation	Depreciation	Value
2017				\$	\$	\$
				458,925	(287,553)	171,372
Building Improvements				201,216	(139,952)	61,264
Furniture and Equipment				102,296	• • • • • • • •	31,337
Information and Communication				16,788		-
Textbooks Leased Assets				23,729	(11,158)	12,571
Library Resources	ii			24,274		3,567
Library 1 tooodi 000						

280,111

827,228

(547,117)

Balance at 31 December 2017

13. Accounts Payable			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating creditors	9,329	4,335	12,975
Accruals	3,632	3,526	3,526
Employee Entitlements - salaries	37,686	32,068	32,068
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	739	787	787
	51,386	40,716	49,356
•			
Payables for Exchange Transactions	51,386	40,716	49,356
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	₩,	=
	51,386	40,716	49,356
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
14. Revenue Received in Advance			
14. November Noceived in Advance	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
to a second to a territory of the second to a second t			
Income in Advance	557	-	_
Income in Advance PTA	557 218	-	235
			235
	218	-	
	218	2018	
РТА ·	218 775		235
РТА ·	218 775	2018	235 2017 Actual
РТА ·	218 775 2018	2018 Budget	235 2017 Actual
РТА ·	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737	235 2017 Actual \$ 42,227
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year	218 775 2018 Actual	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$	235 2017 Actual
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737	235 2017 Actual \$ 42,227
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/(decrease) to the Provision During the Year	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864 2,702	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737	235 2017 Actual \$ 42,227
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/(decrease) to the Provision During the Year Use of the Provision During the Year	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864 2,702 (11,983) 13,583	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737 5,000 - 5,737	2017 Actual \$ 42,227 (19,363) - 22,864
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/(decrease) to the Provision During the Year Use of the Provision During the Year	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864 2,702 (11,983) 13,583	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737 5,000	235 2017 Actual \$ 42,227 (19,363) - 22,864
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/(decrease) to the Provision During the Year Use of the Provision During the Year Provision at the End of the Year	218 775 2018 Actual \$ 22,864 2,702 (11,983) 13,583	2018 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 737 5,000 - 5,737	2017 Actual \$ 42,227 (19,363) - 22,864

16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	6,174	4,062	5,839
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	2,084	1,695	8,258
	8,258	5,757	14,097

17. Funds Owed (Held) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

	2018	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
MLE Classroom Upgrade	in progress	\$ 7,937	τ 1,459	φ 872	-	7,350
Pool Repairs	completed	(49)	2,534	2,583	-	-
Flexible Learning Space	in progress	-	-	2,651	-	2,651
Totals		7,888	3,993	6,106	-1	10,001
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministr Funds Due from the Ministry of Edu					-	10,001
	2017	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE	Payments	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances
		\$	\$	\$		\$
10YP Preparation	completed	(2,000)	(2,000)		-	-
Water Tank/Boiler House	completed	(859)		859	-	-
Re-Roof Blocks A & B	completed	43		(43)	-	7,937
MLE Classroom Upgrade	in progress ·	(58,980)	22 902	66,917 22,753	_	(49)
Pool Repairs	in progress	i_	22,802	22,755	_	(49)
Totals		(61,796)	20,802	90,486	-	7,888

18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2018 Actual \$	2017 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	3,255 0.08	3,050 0.06
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	313,146 3.07	290,794 3.00
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	316,401 3.15	293,844 3.06

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2010	2017
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	130 - 140	120 - 130
Benefits and Other Emoluments	2 - 3	-
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2018	2017
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	-	-
	0.00	0.00

2040

2017

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

20. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2018 Actual	2017 Actual
Total	-	: - S
Number of People	<u>-</u>	-

21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2018 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2017: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance, however the potential impact on any specific school or individual and any associated historical liability will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2018, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2018 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2017: As at 31 December 2017 the school had committed \$1,440 towards painting, \$1,200 towards decking and \$498 towards a new toilet for the school house at 25 Ash Pit Road.)

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2018 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2017: nil).

23. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

24. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Loans and receivables	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,877	151,450	33,683
Receivables	56,957	37,502	33,274
Investments - Term Deposits	154,249	-	149,462
Total Loans and Receivables	217,083	188,952	216,419
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	51,386	40,716	49,356
Borrowings - Loans	-	-	-
Finance Leases	8,258	5,757	13,426
Painting Contract Liability	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	59,644	46,473	62,782

25. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

26. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF LAKE REREWHAKAAITU SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Lake Rerewhakaaitu School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Stephen Graham, using the staff and resources of BDO Rotorua Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2018; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with the Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 30 May 2019. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which
may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of
material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence
readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included within the Analysis of Variance, the Board of Trustee Listing and the Kiwisport Report, which form part of the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Stephen Graham BDO Rotorua Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General

Rotorua, New Zealand